

# Maritime Situational Awareness in the era of Large Language/Reasoning Models

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Andreas Kouvaras<sup>1</sup>

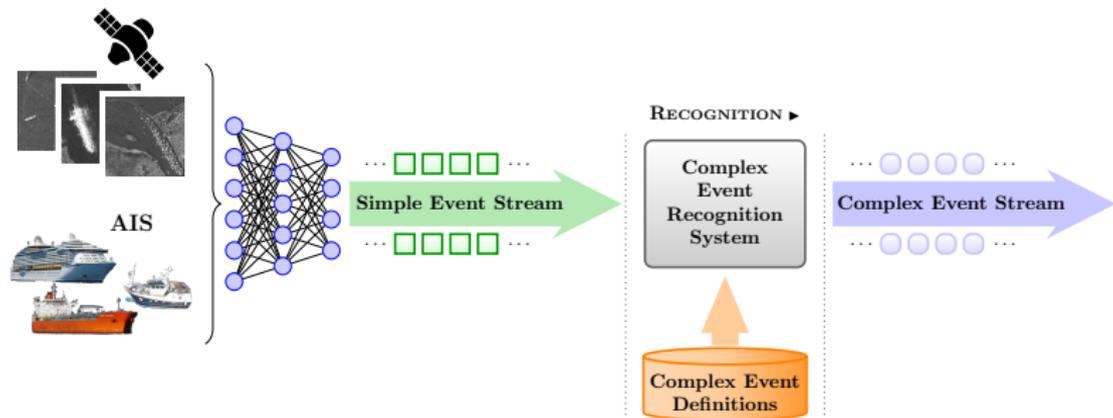
<sup>1</sup>University of Piraeus, Greece

<sup>2</sup>NCSR Demokritos, Athens, Greece

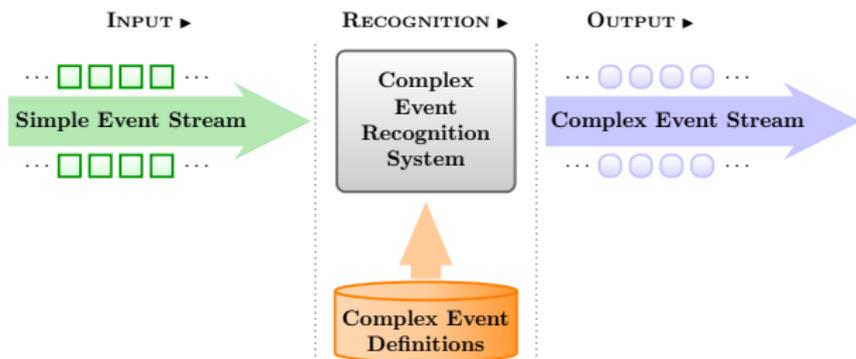
<https://cer.iit.demokritos.gr>



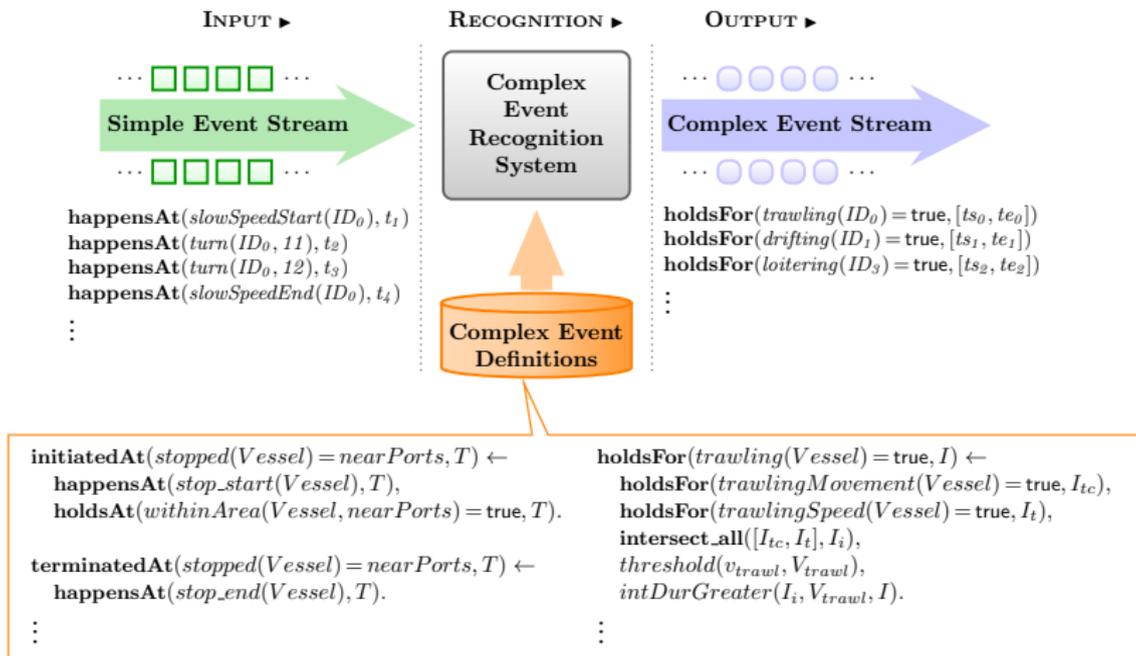
# Complex Event Recognition



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# Complex Event Recognition



# Deductive Databases\*: Event Calculus<sup>†</sup>

- ▶ A **logic programming language** for representing and reasoning about events and their effects.
- ▶ Key components:
  - ▶ **event** (typically instantaneous).
  - ▶ **fluent**: a property that may have different values at different points in time.

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\* Ramamohanarao and Harland. An Introduction to Deductive Database Languages and Systems. VLDB Journal, 1994.

<sup>†</sup> Kowalski and Sergot, A Logic-based Calculus of Events. New Generation Computing, 1986.

# Deductive Databases\*: Event Calculus†

- ▶ A **logic programming language** for representing and reasoning about events and their effects.
- ▶ Key components:
  - ▶ **event** (typically instantaneous).
  - ▶ **fluent**: a property that may have different values at different points in time.
- ▶ Built-in representation of **inertia**:
  - ▶  $F = V$  holds at a particular time-point if  $F = V$  has been *initiated* by an event at some earlier time-point, and not *terminated* by another event in the meantime.

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† Kowalski and Sergot, A Logic-based Calculus of Events. New Generation Computing, 1986.

# Run-Time Event Calculus (RTEC)\*,†

**initiatedAt**( $F = V, T$ )  $\leftarrow$   
**happensAt**( $E_{In_1}, T$ ),  
[conditions]

...

**initiatedAt**( $F = V, T$ )  $\leftarrow$   
**happensAt**( $E_{In_i}, T$ ),  
[conditions]

**terminatedAt**( $F = V, T$ )  $\leftarrow$   
**happensAt**( $E_{T_1}, T$ ),  
[conditions]

...

**terminatedAt**( $F = V, T$ )  $\leftarrow$   
**happensAt**( $E_{T_j}, T$ ),  
[conditions]

where

conditions:  
 $0-K$  **happensAt**( $E_k, T$ ),  
 $0-M$  **holdsAt**( $F_m = V_m, T$ ),  
 $0-N$  atemporal-constraint <sub>$n$</sub>

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\* Artikis et al, An Event Calculus for Event Recognition. IEEE TKDE, 2015.

† Mantenoglou et al, Stream Reasoning with Cycles. KR, 2022. <https://github.com/aartikis/RTEC>

# Run-Time Event Calculus (RTEC)

**initiatedAt**( $F = V, T$ )  $\leftarrow$   
**happensAt**( $E_{In_1}, T$ ),  
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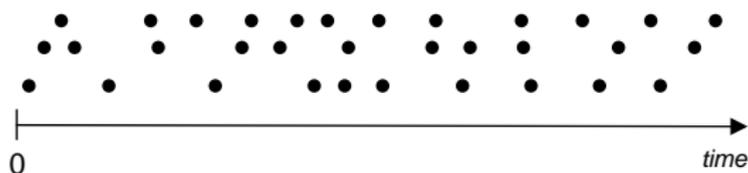
...

**initiatedAt**( $F = V, T$ )  $\leftarrow$   
**happensAt**( $E_{In_i}, T$ ),  
[conditions]

**terminatedAt**( $F = V, T$ )  $\leftarrow$   
**happensAt**( $E_{T_1}, T$ ),  
[conditions]

...

**terminatedAt**( $F = V, T$ )  $\leftarrow$   
**happensAt**( $E_{T_j}, T$ ),  
[conditions]



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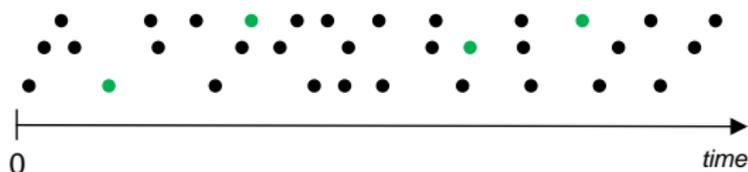
...

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[conditions]

...

**terminatedAt**( $F = V, T$ )  $\leftarrow$   
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[conditions]



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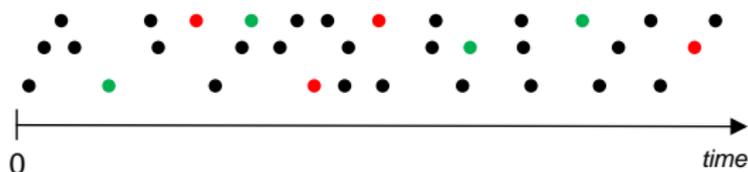
...

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[conditions]

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**terminatedAt**( $F = V, T$ )  $\leftarrow$   
**happensAt**( $E_{T_j}, T$ ),  
[conditions]



# Run-Time Event Calculus (RTEC)

**initiatedAt**( $F = V$ ,  $T$ )  $\leftarrow$   
**happensAt**( $E_{In_1}$ ,  $T$ ),  
[conditions]

...

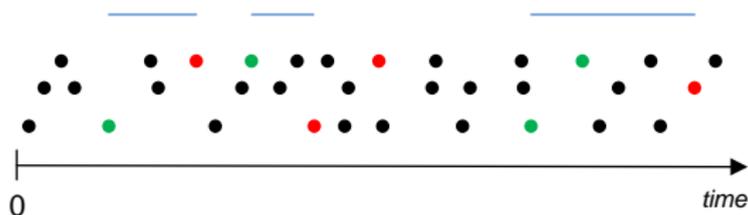
**initiatedAt**( $F = V$ ,  $T$ )  $\leftarrow$   
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[conditions]

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...

**terminatedAt**( $F = V$ ,  $T$ )  $\leftarrow$   
**happensAt**( $E_{T_j}$ ,  $T$ ),  
[conditions]

**holdsFor**( $F = V$ ,  $I$ )



## High Speed Near Coast

**initiatedAt**(*highSpeedNC*(*Vessel*) = true, *T*) ←  
    **happensAt**(*velocity*(*Vessel*, *Speed*, *\_CoG*, *\_TrueHeading*), *T*),  
    **holdsAt**(*withinArea*(*Vessel*, *nearCoast*) = true, *T*),  
    *threshold*( $v_{hs}$ , *V*), *Speed* > *V*.

## High Speed Near Coast

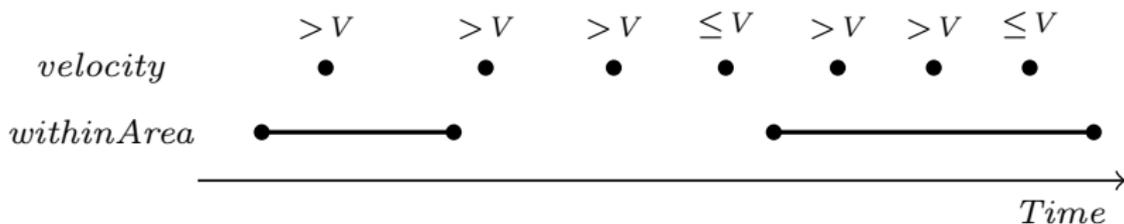
- initiatedAt**( $highSpeedNC(Vessel) = true, T$ )  $\leftarrow$   
    **happensAt**( $velocity(Vessel, Speed, \_CoG, \_TrueHeading), T$ ),  
    **holdsAt**( $withinArea(Vessel, nearCoast) = true, T$ ),  
     $threshold(v_{hs}, V), Speed > V$ .
- terminatedAt**( $highSpeedNC(Vessel) = true, T$ )  $\leftarrow$   
    **happensAt**( $velocity(Vessel, Speed), T$ ),  
     $threshold(v_{hs}, V), Speed \leq V$ .
- terminatedAt**( $highSpeedNC(Vessel) = true, T$ )  $\leftarrow$   
    **happensAt**( $end(withinArea(Vessel, nearCoast) = true), T$ ).

# High Speed Near Coast

**initiatedAt**( $highSpeedNC(Vessel) = true, T$ )  $\leftarrow$   
**happensAt**( $velocity(Vessel, Speed, \_CoG, \_TrueHeading), T$ ),  
**holdsAt**( $withinArea(Vessel, nearCoast) = true, T$ ),  
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 $threshold(v_{hs}, V), Speed \leq V$ .

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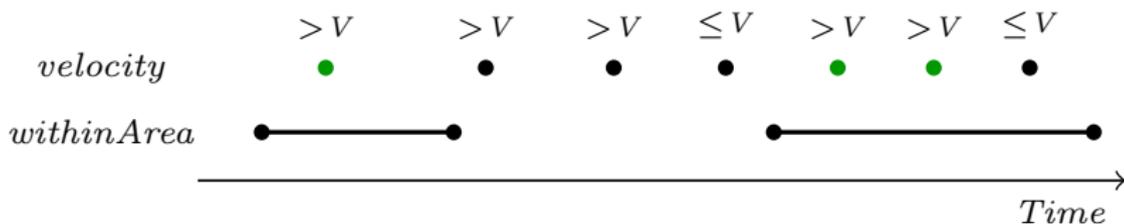


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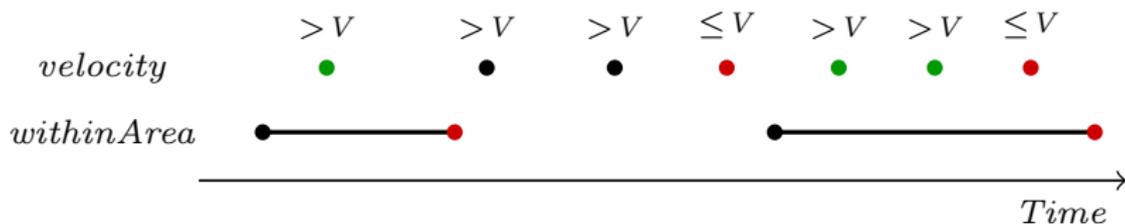


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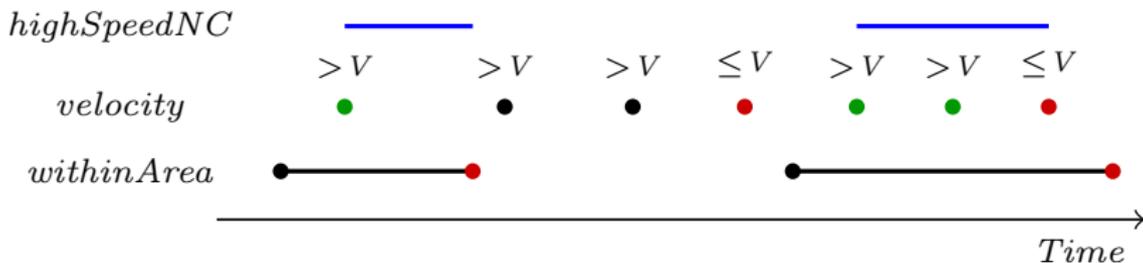


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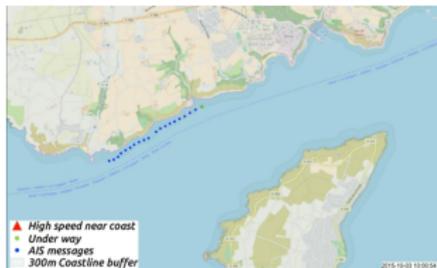


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<https://cer.iit.demokritos.gr> (high speed near coast (a))



<https://cer.iit.demokritos.gr> (high speed near coast (b))

## RTEC: Interval-based Reasoning

**holdsFor**(*anchoredOrMoored*(*Vessel*) = true, *I*)  $\leftarrow$   
  **holdsFor**(*stopped*(*Vessel*) = *farFromPorts*, *I<sub>sf</sub>*),  
  **holdsFor**(*withinArea*(*Vessel*, *anchorage*) = true, *I<sub>wa</sub>*),  
  **intersect\_all**([*I<sub>sf</sub>*, *I<sub>wa</sub>*], *I<sub>sa</sub>*),  
  **holdsFor**(*stopped*(*Vessel*) = *nearPorts*, *I<sub>sn</sub>*),  
  **union\_all**([*I<sub>sa</sub>*, *I<sub>sn</sub>*], *I*).

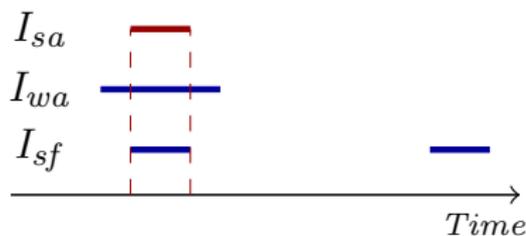
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**holdsFor**(*anchoredOrMoored*(*Vessel*) = true, *I*)  $\leftarrow$   
**holdsFor**(*stopped*(*Vessel*) = *farFromPorts*, *I<sub>sf</sub>*),  
**holdsFor**(*withinArea*(*Vessel*, *anchorage*) = true, *I<sub>wa</sub>*),  
**intersect\_all**([*I<sub>sf</sub>*, *I<sub>wa</sub>*], *I<sub>sa</sub>*),  
**holdsFor**(*stopped*(*Vessel*) = *nearPorts*, *I<sub>sn</sub>*),  
**union\_all**([*I<sub>sa</sub>*, *I<sub>sn</sub>*], *I*).



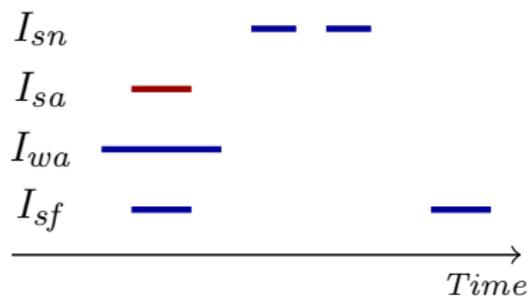
## RTEC: Interval-based Reasoning

$\text{holdsFor}(\text{anchoredOrMoored}(\text{Vessel}) = \text{true}, I) \leftarrow$   
 $\text{holdsFor}(\text{stopped}(\text{Vessel}) = \text{farFromPorts}, I_{sf}),$   
 $\text{holdsFor}(\text{withinArea}(\text{Vessel}, \text{anchorage}) = \text{true}, I_{wa}),$   
 $\text{intersect\_all}([I_{sf}, I_{wa}], I_{sa}),$   
 $\text{holdsFor}(\text{stopped}(\text{Vessel}) = \text{nearPorts}, I_{sn}),$   
 $\text{union\_all}([I_{sa}, I_{sn}], I).$



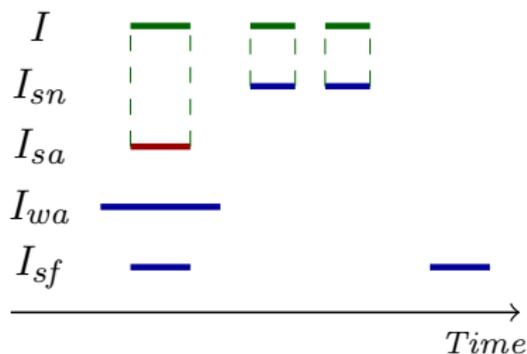
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**holdsFor**(*withinArea*(*Vessel*, *anchorage*) = true, *I<sub>wa</sub>*),  
**intersect\_all**([*I<sub>sf</sub>*, *I<sub>wa</sub>*], *I<sub>sa</sub>*),  
**holdsFor**(*stopped*(*Vessel*) = *nearPorts*, *I<sub>sn</sub>*),  
**union\_all**([*I<sub>sa</sub>*, *I<sub>sn</sub>*], *I*).



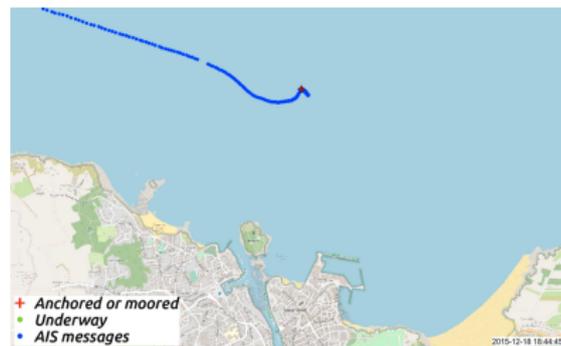
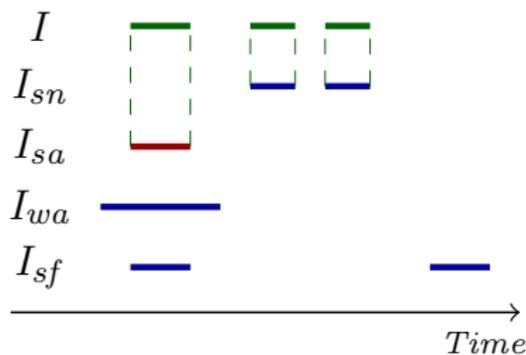
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**intersect\_all**([*I<sub>sf</sub>*, *I<sub>wa</sub>*], *I<sub>sa</sub>*),  
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**union\_all**([*I<sub>sa</sub>*, *I<sub>sn</sub>*], *I*).



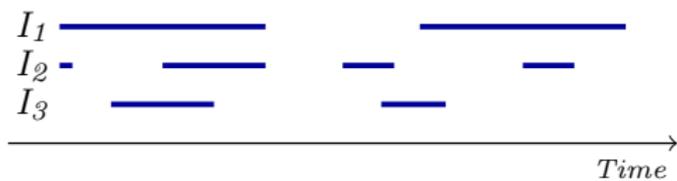
# RTEC: Interval-based Reasoning

**holdsFor**(*anchoredOrMoored*(*Vessel*) = true, *I*)  $\leftarrow$   
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**intersect\_all**([*I<sub>sf</sub>*, *I<sub>wa</sub>*], *I<sub>sa</sub>*),  
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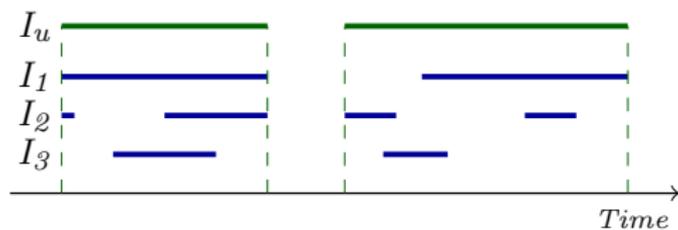
<https://cer.iit.demokritos.gr> (anchored or moored)

# RTEC: Interval-based Reasoning



# RTEC: Interval-based Reasoning

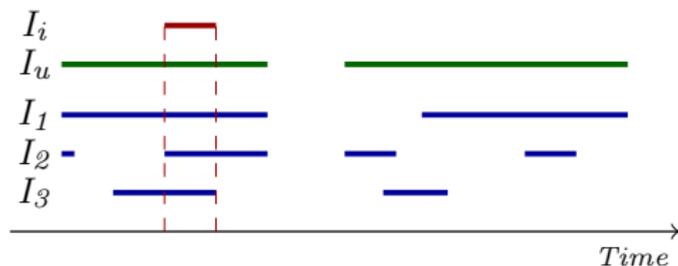
**union\_all**([ $I_1, I_2, I_3$ ],  $I_u$ )



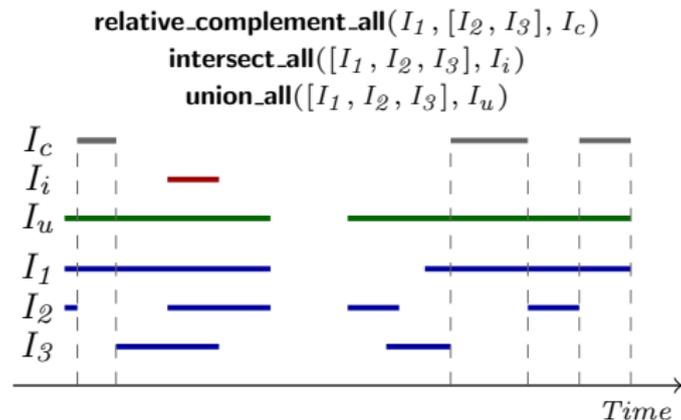
# RTEC: Interval-based Reasoning

**intersect\_all**( $[I_1, I_2, I_3], I_i$ )

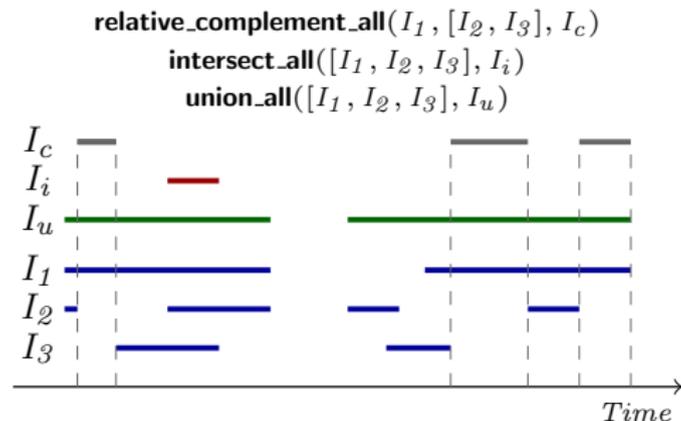
**union\_all**( $[I_1, I_2, I_3], I_u$ )



# RTEC: Interval-based Reasoning



# RTEC: Interval-based Reasoning & Allen Relations\*



Relation	Illustration
$\text{before}(i^s, i^t)$	
$\text{meets}(i^s, i^t)$	
$\text{starts}(i^s, i^t)$	
$\text{finishes}(i^s, i^t)$	
$\text{during}(i^s, i^t)$	
$\text{overlaps}(i^s, i^t)$	
$\text{equal}(i^s, i^t)$	

\* Mantenoglou et al, Complex Event Recognition with Allen Relations. KR, 2023.

## RTEC: Interval-based Reasoning & Allen Relations\*

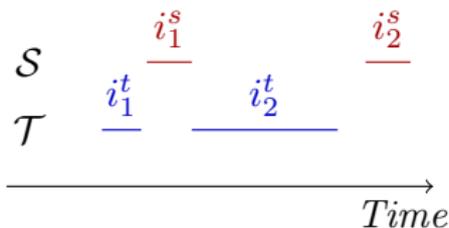
**holdsFor**(*disappearedInArea*(*Vessel*, *AreaType*) = true, *I*)  $\leftarrow$   
**holdsFor**(*withinArea*(*Vessel*, *AreaType*) = true, *S*),  
**holdsFor**(*gap*(*Vessel*) = *farFromPorts*, *T*),  
**allen**(meets, *S*, *T*, target, *I*).

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\*Mantenoglou et al, Complex Event Recognition with Allen Relations. KR 2023.

## RTEC: Interval-based Reasoning & Allen Relations\*

**holdsFor**(*disappearedInArea*(*Vessel*, *AreaType*) = true, *I*)  $\leftarrow$   
**holdsFor**(*withinArea*(*Vessel*, *AreaType*) = true,  $\mathcal{S}$ ),  
**holdsFor**(*gap*(*Vessel*) = *farFromPorts*,  $\mathcal{T}$ ),  
**allen**(meets,  $\mathcal{S}$ ,  $\mathcal{T}$ , target, *I*).

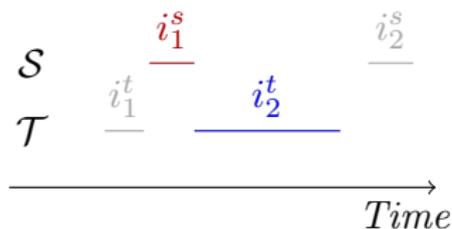


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\*Mantenoglou et al, Complex Event Recognition with Allen Relations. KR 2023.

## RTEC: Interval-based Reasoning & Allen Relations\*

**holdsFor**(*disappearedInArea*(*Vessel*, *AreaType*) = true, *I*)  $\leftarrow$   
**holdsFor**(*withinArea*(*Vessel*, *AreaType*) = true,  $\mathcal{S}$ ),  
**holdsFor**(*gap*(*Vessel*) = *farFromPorts*,  $\mathcal{T}$ ),  
**allen**(meets,  $\mathcal{S}$ ,  $\mathcal{T}$ , target, *I*).

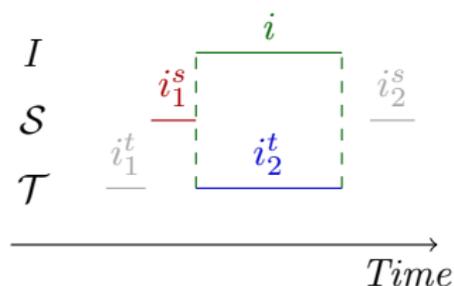


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\*Mantenoglou et al, Complex Event Recognition with Allen Relations. KR 2023.

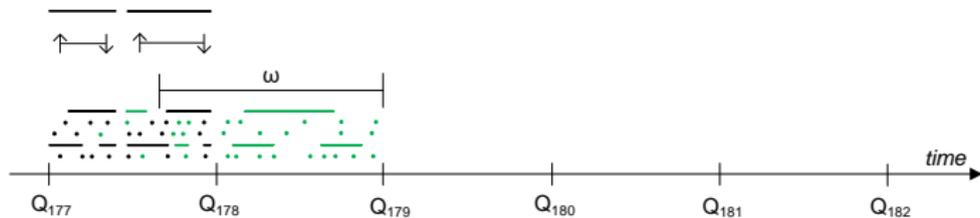
# RTEC: Interval-based Reasoning & Allen Relations\*

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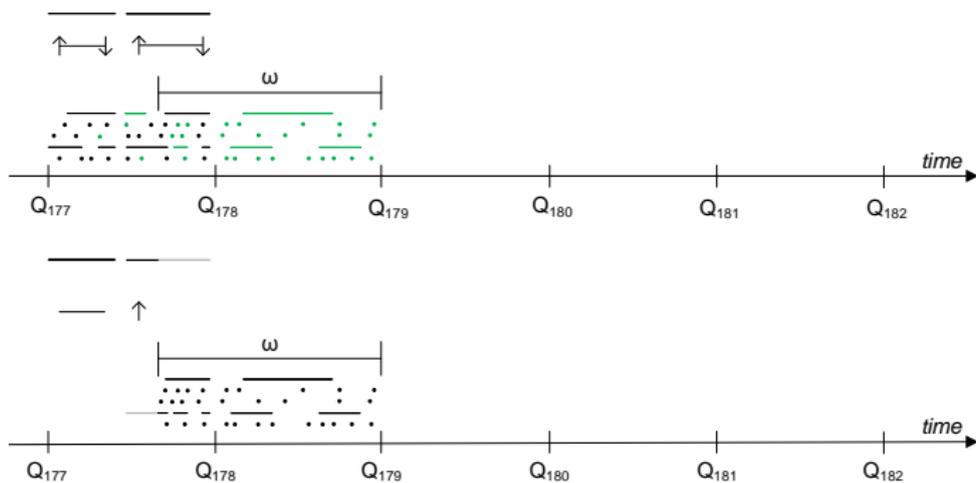


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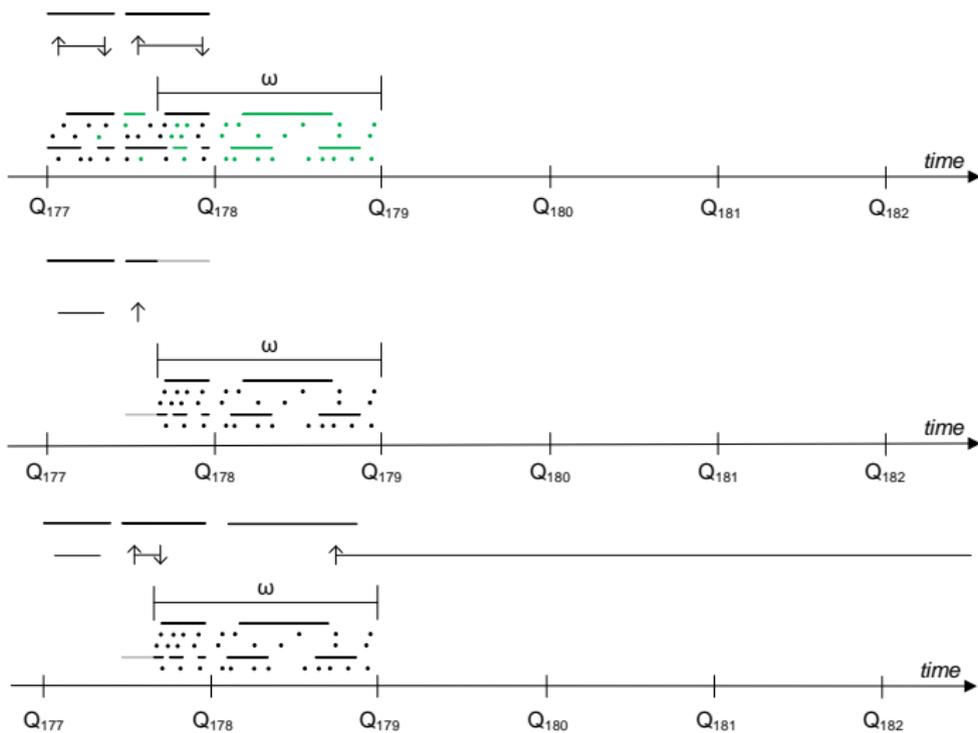
# Windowing



# Windowing



# Windowing

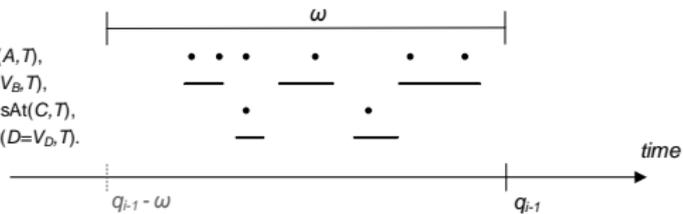


# Windowing

initiatedAt( $F=V, T$ ) ←

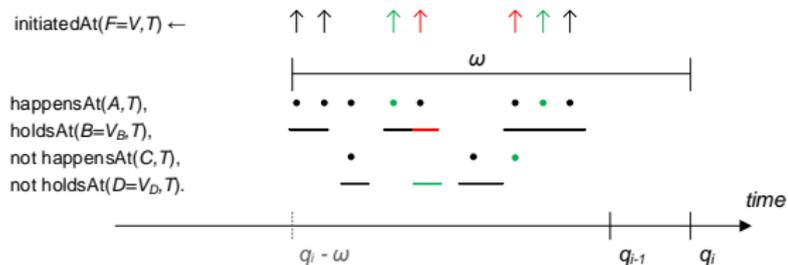
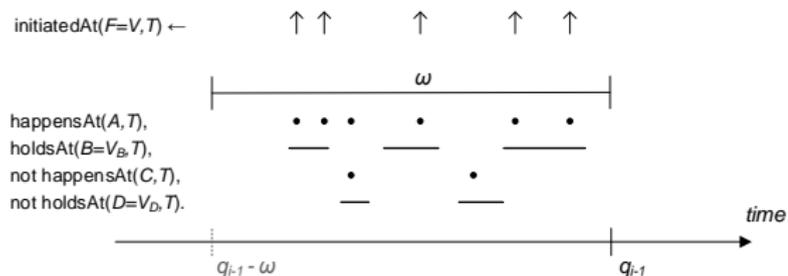
↑ ↑            ↑            ↑            ↑

happensAt( $A, T$ ),  
holdsAt( $B=V_B, T$ ),  
not happensAt( $C, T$ ),  
not holdsAt( $D=V_D, T$ ).

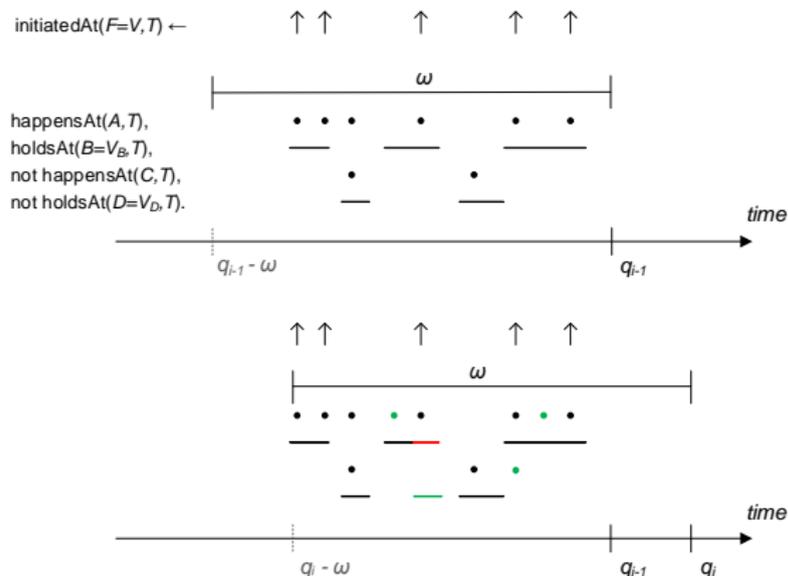




# Windowing

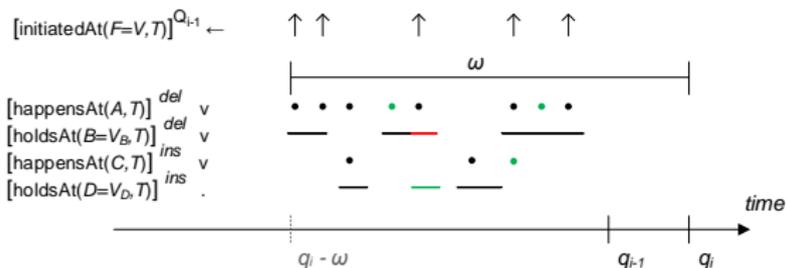
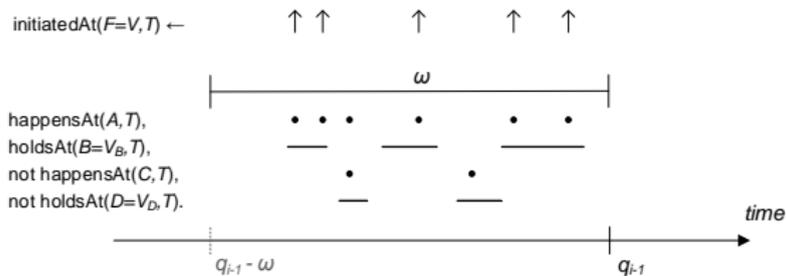


# Incremental Reasoning: Deletion Phase\*



\*Tsilionis et al, Incremental Event Calculus for Run-Time Reasoning. Journal of AI Research (JAIR), 2022.

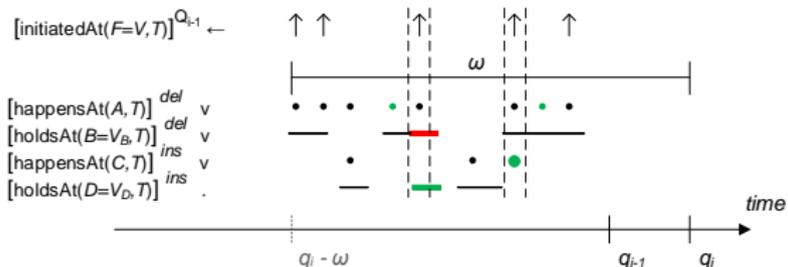
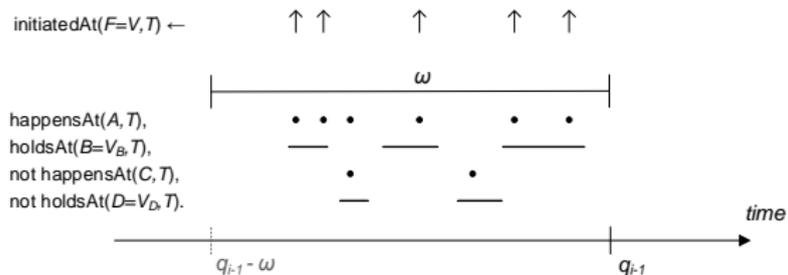
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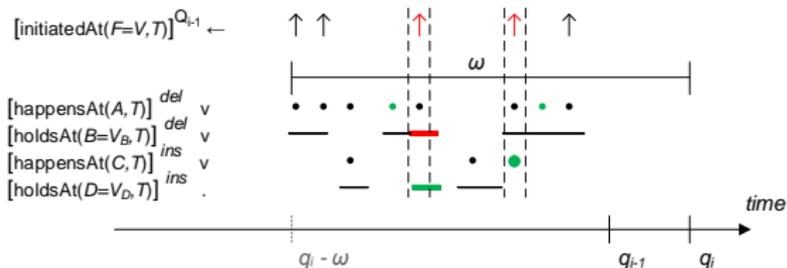
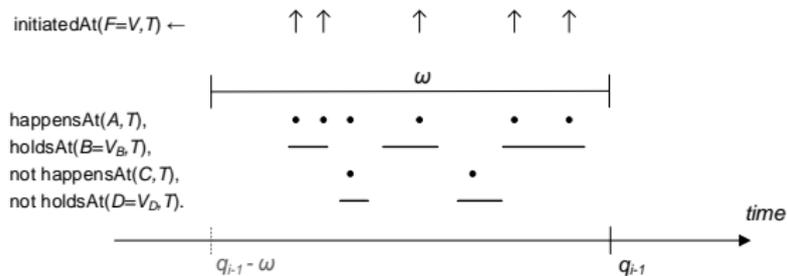


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# RTEC: Correctness and Complexity

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RTEC computes all maximal intervals of a fluent, and no other interval, provided that interval delays/retractions, if any, are tolerated by the window size.

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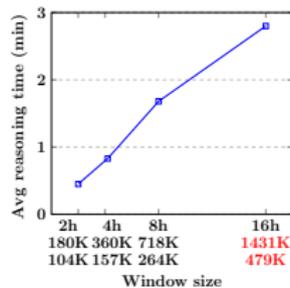
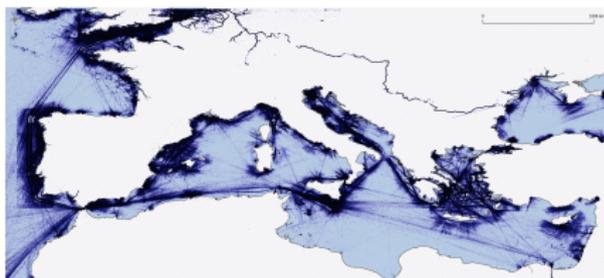
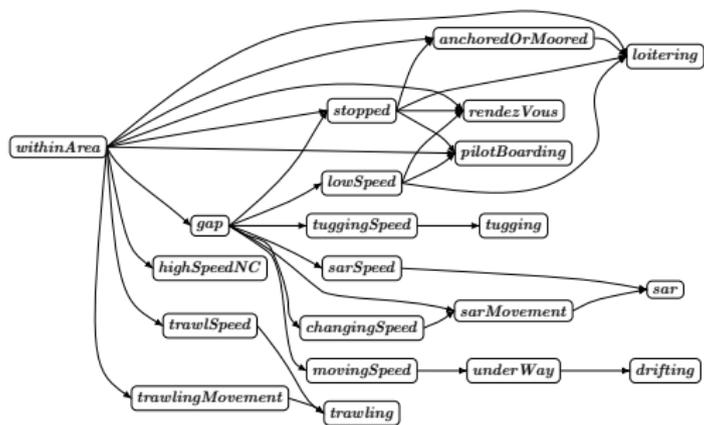
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## Complexity

The time to compute the maximal intervals of a fluent is linear to the window size.

# Performance: Indicative Results



# Summary

Run-Time Event Calculus (RTEC):

- ▶ Interval-based reasoning\* → avoid unintended semantics.

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Run-Time Event Calculus (RTEC):

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Next: RTEC program generation with LLMs/LRMs.

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